ORDER

Page - 1 -

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

IN RE: PHENYLPROPANOLAMINE (PPA) PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION,

This document relates to:

Tamara Wallace v. Bayer Corporation, et al. No. 3-cv-3036

MDL NO. 1407

ORDERING GRANTING DURST DISCOUNT DRUGS, INC'S MOTION TO DISMISS THE INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS OF TAMARA WALLACE AND STRIKING MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CMO NOS. 15 AND 15A

Durst Discount Drugs, Inc. ("Durst") moves this court to dismiss the claims of plaintiff Tamara Wallace pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6) for failure to state a cause of action. Having reviewed the motion, the response filed,

¹The text of the motion also contains a motion to dismiss the claims of plaintiffs Sherry Jones representative of Candace Jones, Mack Chatman representative of Martha Chatman, Jessica Acevedo (minor) through Barbara Stallworth, Lee Johnson and Ed Magee for failure to comply with Case Management Order ("CMO") Nos. 15 and 15A. These individuals, along with Ms. Wallace, originally filed a multi-plaintiff action in Mississippi state court in which Durst was named as a defendant. The action was ultimately transferred to this court as part of the multi-district litigation 1407 ("MDL 1407") and each of the above-named plaintiffs timely filed individual complaints pursuant to CMO 15. It is unclear whether Durst is asking the court to dismiss the

and the reply thereto, the court hereby finds and rules as follows:

Ms. Wallace alleges that she suffered an ischemic stroke following the ingestion of Alka-Seltzer, a phenylpropanolamine ("PPA") containing product. Alka-Seltzer is manufactured by defendant Bayer Corporation ("Bayer"). Ms. Wallace further alleges that she purchased the Alka-Seltzer product at Durst.

Ms. Wallace originally filed her claims as part of a multiplaintiff action in Mississippi state court. The action was removed to federal court on the basis of diversity of citizenship and ultimately transferred to this court as part of MDL 1407. Thereafter, on September 2, 2003, Ms. Wallace filed an individual complaint pursuant to the terms of CMO 15. In it she alleges claims for strict product liability, negligence, breach of warranty, and negligent misrepresentation.

On December 2, 2003, Ms. Wallace filed a motion to remand the case back to Mississippi state court. Bayer opposed the motion, arguing that Durst had been fraudulently joined for the purpose of defeating diversity jurisdiction. The court agreed and on May 5, 2004 issued an order denying plaintiff's motion for remand. In the order, the court held that plaintiff had failed to state a cause of action against Durst, and that the failure is obvious according to the settled rules of Mississippi. Durst now

multi-plaintiff action or dismiss the individual claims, but in either case, the motion is moot because the multi-plaintiff action was dismissed on May 7, 2004 and Durst is not named as a defendant in any of the individual complaints.

ORDER

Page - 2 -

Based on the reasoning set forth in the May 5, 2004 order

denying Ms. Wallace's motion to remand, the court finds that Ms.

relief can be granted. Therefore, the court GRANTS Durst's motion

to dismiss plaintiff's claims pursuant to Federal Rule 12(b)(6)

and hereby dismisses the claims against Durst. In addition, the

court STRIKES the motion to dismiss for failure to comply with

Wallace has failed to state a claim against Durst upon with

moves the court to dismiss Ms. Wallace's claims against it.

CMO Nos. 15 and 15A.

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ORDER Page - 3 -

DATED at Seattle, Washington this 10th day of May, 2004.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE